SYNTHESIS AND HYPOTENSIVE ACTIVITY OF NEW AMINO DERIVATIVES OF TERPENOIDS AND THEIR STRUCTURAL ANALOGS

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Thirty-five new salts of amino ester derivatives of terpenoids have been synthesized and their influence on the level of arterial pressure has been investigated.

A broad investigation of the biological activities of derivatives of terpenoids and their structural analogs has revealed among them a large number of compounds acting on the cardiovascular system. Thus, of norborane systems exhibiting an action on the cardiovascular system extensive studies have been made of norbornylalkylamines [1-3], the stereoisomers of 2-amino-3-phenylnorbornane [4], and derivatives of bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane in which a nitrogen atom is a component part of a spirocyclic system [5].

Particular interest is presented by amino esters containing a norbornane fragment in view of their considerable hypotensive action. Thus, amino esters of general formula (I) are known as substances considerably lowering the blood pressure. Their quaternary salts are ganglion-blockers.

Quaternary salts of amino esters of formula (II) have been synthesized and subjected to broad biological trials. Among them the methiodide of (IIa) with n=2 in which  $R_2N$  is morpholine is a commercial preparation lowering the blood pressure.

These facts induced us to investigate the action on the systemic arterial pressure of new salts of amino ester derivatives of terpenoids and their structural analogs that we had synthesized.

The synthesis of the compounds was effected by the scheme:

ROH
$$\rightarrow$$
R $\rightarrow$ COCCH<sub>2</sub>CI $\rightarrow$ R $\rightarrow$ COCCH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>  
R $\rightarrow$ COCCH<sub>2</sub>N $\rightarrow$ (R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>X

where X = I or C1;  $R_3$  = H or  $CH_3$ :  $N(R)_2$  =  $N(CH_3)_2$ ,  $N(C_2H_5)_2$ ,  $N(C_4H_9)_2$ , morpholine, or piperidine; and ROH = 2-hydroxymethylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene (A), 2-hydroxethylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-ene (B), isoborneol (C), fenchol (D), borneol (E),; camphanol (G), or menthol (F). The methiodides and hydrochlorides of the compounds synthesized are readily soluble in water and ethanol and are therefore convenient for biotesting.

The characteristics of the compounds obtained are given in Table 1. The structures of the substances were established with the aid of their IR, mass and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra and were confirmed by elementary analysis.

According to  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR, in the norbornane, bicyclo[2.2.2]octane, borneol and fenchone derivatives the substituent at  $\text{C}_2$  was present in the endo position, and in the isoborneol derivatives in the exo position. The menthol derivatives were individual isomers with the

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TABLE 1. Characteristics of the Compounds Synthesized and Their Action on the Level of Arterial Pressure  $\,$ 

Com- pound	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>\$</sub>	x	T mp,	Empirical formula	Dose, mg/kg		Duration of the hypotensive effect, min
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
I II	Α ,,	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	CH <sub>3</sub>	1 61	140 - 141 150 - 152	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>2</sub> CIN	10 10 20	—14∓2 —13∓6,2 —22, <b>9</b> ∓8,3	60 60 60
III IV V	, ,	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> NO C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	СН <sub>3</sub> <b>Н</b> Н	C1 C1	170-171	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>3</sub> NI C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>3</sub> CIN C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>2</sub> CIN	20 20	—7∓2 —14∓8 —24∓7.3 —30∓6,4	69 60 6) 60
VI	,,	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N	CH <sub>3</sub>	1	1 <b>27</b> —129	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	10	$-27 \mp 10$	60
VII		C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N	H	C1	199-201	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O₂NCI	20 10	$-34\mp7.3$ $-22.9\mp8,3$	60 60
VIII IX	В	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> N C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N	CH <sub>3</sub>	I I	203—204 167—168	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>38</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	20 10 10	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60 60
х	,	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	CH <sub>3</sub>	I	144-145	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	20 10	26∓3.8 -7,8∓2	>60 >60
XI XII XIII XIV	C	$ \begin{array}{c c} C_5H_{10}N \\ C_4 & 8ON \\ C_4 & 8NO \\ C_5H_{10}N \end{array} $	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H H	I C1 C1	157—158 186—188	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>28</sub> O <sub>3</sub> NI C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O <sub>3</sub> CIN C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>2</sub> CIN	20 20 20 20 20 5 10	$ \begin{vmatrix} -14\mp8 \\ -5\mp4 \\ -42,6\mp10,1 \\ -14\mp8 \\ -26,6\mp8 \\ -35,8\mp9,4 \end{vmatrix} $	>60   60   60   67   69   <69
xv	,	$C_5H_{10}N$	CH3	ı	182-183	$C_{28}H_{32}O_2NI$	10	$-16.3 \mp 7.3$	69
XV I	,,	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> NO	СНз	I	198199	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>3</sub> NI	25 10	$-26.9\mp2.5$ $-20\mp2.4$	60
XVII X <b>VI</b> II	"	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> N	CH <sub>3</sub>	I	177—179 201—202	$C_{17}H_{32}O_{2}NI \\ C_{15}H_{28}O_{2}NI$	2 <b>5</b> 10 5 10	-46∓3,3 -17∓2,4 -65∓2,4 -45∓3,3	6) 6) >6) >60
XIX	•	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> N	н	CI.	194—1 <b>9</b> 5	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>2</sub> CIN	25	$ \begin{array}{c c} -22\mp7,6 \\ -18\mp2,6 \\ -50\mp3,2 \end{array} $	60 > 60
XX	D	$C_b H_{10}N$	Н	C1.	210-211	$C_{17}H_{30}O_{2}CIN$	5 10	$-19 \mp 2,1$ $-26 \mp 4,2$	>60 > <b>6</b> 0
IXX		C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	CH₃	I	218—220	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>82</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	25 10 25	-30∓2,9 -18∓3,2 -43∓7,6	<60 >60 >60
XXII		C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	CH3	I	170 – 171	$C_{17}H_{32}O_2NI$	5	<b>20</b> ∓2,4	60
XXIII	,,	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N	CH <sub>3</sub>	1	156—157	$C_{21}H_{40}O_2NI$	10 10	$-4.6\mp3.3$ $-6.5\mp2.6$	>60
xxıv	*	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	СН₃	I	172—174	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	25 10 25	—45∓3,3 —18∓2.9 Death of	>60 60
xxv	E	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	н	C1	202—203	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>2</sub> CIN		the animals -2474,2 -2073	60 <b>6</b> 0
ı <b>v</b> xx	,	C₄H <sub>10</sub> N	CH3	I	198199	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	10	-10∓5	<b>60</b> <b>6</b> 0
XXVII	G	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N	Н	C1	190—191	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>28</sub> O <sub>3</sub> CIN	20 10	-8∓3 -12∓5,0	60
xxviii	,,	C4H8NO	CH3	l i	215—216	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	20 10	$-16+2.9$ $-20 \mp 4$	60 60
XXIX	F	C4H8NO	Н	C1	187—188	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ClN	20 10 20	$ \begin{vmatrix} -24 \mp 7, 3 \\ -23 \mp 6, 2 \\ -62, 9 \mp 8, 3 \end{vmatrix} $	60 60 60
XXX	77	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> NO	СН3	I	<b>18</b> 9—190	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>3</sub> NI	10	$ -22.3\mp2.8$	60
xxxı	,	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	н	C1	190—191	$C_{17}H_{22}O_2CIN$	20 10 20	$ \begin{array}{c c} -24,3\mp6.1 \\ -26\mp3,2 \\ -29\mp4 \end{array} $	60 60 60
IIXXX	A	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N	CH <sub>3</sub>	1	208-209	$C_{18}H_{34}\supset_2 NI$	6	-10∓6,1	<60
xxxm	*	C'H''N	CH3	I	165—166	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NI	20 5	$\begin{bmatrix} -27.9 \mp 2.9 \\ -7 \\ 16772.4 \end{bmatrix}$	60
XXXIV	,	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N	CH₃	I	148 – 150	$C_{21}H_{42}O_2NI$	$\begin{array}{c} 19 \\ 10 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -16\mp3.4 \\ -24.7\mp6.7 \end{bmatrix}$	
· xxxv	,	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N	Н	CI	226-228	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>40</sub> O <sub>2</sub> NC1	5 <b>5</b> 10	$ \begin{vmatrix} -29\mp9,2 \\ -42\mp12,7 \\ -40,9\mp7,2 \end{vmatrix} $	60 60 60

triequatorial position of the substituents. The camphanol derivatives were the 2-exo-6-exo isomers. The influence of the compounds synthesized on the arterial pressure was recorded in the common carotid artery in the usual way. The compounds were administered intravenously, distilled water being used as the solvent.

As can be seen from the results presented in Table 1, among the amino ester salts the most active were isoborneol piperidino- and diethylaminoacetates ((XV) and (XVIII), respectively). The endo isomers of these compounds ((XXIV) and (VI)) exhibited a similar, although somewhat less pronounced, action on the vascular system. Trials of the analogous derivatives of fenchol, isocamphanol, norborn-5-ene, and bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-ene did not reveal among them any substances appreciably affecting the arterial pressure. The results of the investigations are given in Table 1.

## **EXPERIMENTAL**

IR and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra were taken on instruments and under conditions similar to those described previously [7]. The aminoacetates of the above-mentioned alcohols were synthesized by the procedure of [8].

The hydrochlorides of the aminoacetates were obtained by the passage of hydrogen chloride through an ethereal solution of the corresponding amine. They were recrystallized from solution in ether—ethanol.

The methiodides were obtained by heating equimolar amounts of the amines and methyl iodide in ethanol at 50-60°C for 1-2 h, followed by recrystallization from ethereal-ethanolic solution.

The methanol and fenchol derivatives were optically active,  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$  (ethanol): (XXXI) -51.184° (c 1.02); (XXXII) -37.96° (c 1.001); (XXXIII) -44.0° (c 1.09); (XXXIV) -34.8° (c 1.06); (XXXV) -30.1° (c 1.6); (XX) +62.12° (c 0.999); (XXI) +64.82° (c 1.012); (XXII) +71.84° (c 0.998); (XXXIII) +84.12° (c 1.005).

## SUMMARY

Thirty-five new salts of amino esters of terpenoids have been synthesized and their influence on the level of arterial pressure has been determined.

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